

Project List: Plant Sweet Potatoes!

☐ Vital Earth Organic Compost for amending native soil.
☐ Sweet potatoes need excellent drainage. Consider adding Expanded Shale if your soil needs additional drainage.
☐ See NHG's Raised Bed Soil Formula if you're planting in raised beds.
☐ Feed with a good organic fertilizer monthly, such as NHG Organic Herb & Veggie Food or Espoma Garden-Tone .



Sweet Potato Planting & Care

- Select a site that receives 6 or more hours of direct sunlight.
- Make sure your sweet potatoes have plenty of room to grow—vines sprawl and can get quite large!
- Use our recommended soil mix for raised beds, or NHG Organic Premium
 Potting Soil for containers. Sweet potatoes need consistent moisture and well drained soil.
- Set slips (plants) as soon as possible after purchase. Place roots in the ground and plant about halfway up the stem, 3-4" deep. Set slips 2 feet apart in the garden or use a 20-24" container. Water slips in well at planting.
- **Feed monthly** with a quality organic plant fertilizer such as NHG Organic Herb & Veggie Food or Espoma Garden-Tone according to package directions.
- Sweet potatoes mature 90-120 days after planting. Check size of tubers by carefully removing soil from around root area. If tubers are about 6" long, it's time to harvest!
- Harvest your sweet potatoes! Carefully dig tubers with a large fork or shovel or by hand. Handle carefully, the skin of freshly dug sweet potatoes is very delicate. Try to avoid nicks and scrapes.
- Dry freshly dug sweet potatoes outdoors in the shade for several hours, then place tubers in a basket or crate and do not wash dirt off. Keep room temperature and dry, preferably in a space with high humidity like a laundry room.